SAFETY DATA SHEETS

This SDS packet was issued with item:

078912843

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to the individual products listed below. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

078403676 078403684

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to one or more components included in the items listed below. Items listed below may require one or more SDS. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

078403668 078403882 078422930 078423096 078423112 078739243 078781107 078912810 078912846

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Pfizer Animal Health
Pfizer Inc
235 East 42nd Street
New York, NY 10017
Poison Control Center Phone: 1-866-531-8896
Technical Services Phone: 1-800-366-5288

Pfizer Ltd,
Kent
CT13 9NJ
United Kingdom
+00 44 (0)1304 616161

Emergency telephone number:
CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300

Emergency telephone number:
ChemSafe (24 hours): +44 (0)208 762 8322

Material Name: Bovine Rhinotracheitis-Virus Diarrhea-Parainfluenza3-Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine, Modified Live & Killed Virus-Campylobacter fetus-Leptospira Canicola-Grippotyphosa-Hardjo-Ichterohaemorrhagiae-Pomona Bacterin

Trade Name: CattleMaster (R) 4+VL5
Chemical Family: Mixture
Intended Use: Veterinary Vaccine

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS List	%
Gentamicin	1403-66-3	215-765-8	##
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	200-001-8	0.1-1.0
Merthiolate (as mercury)	54-64-8	200-210-4	##

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS List	%
Bovine Parainfluenza3	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Bovine Rhinotrachetitis	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Bovine Virus Diarrhea	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Campylobacter fetus	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Leptospira canicola	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Leptospira grippotyphosa	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Leptospira hardjo	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Leptospira pomona	NOT ASSIGNED	Not listed	*
Aluminum hydroxide	21645-51-2	244-492-7	*

Additional Information:
* Proprietary
Trace
Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace safety.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: Freeze-dried preparation plus a liquid adjuvanted preparation
Signal Word: WARNING

Statement of Hazard: Contains formaldehyde: potential cancer hazard.
May cause sensitization of the skin and respiratory system.
May cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation.

Additional Hazard Information:

Short Term: May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction . May cause nose, throat and lung irritation. In the event of accidental injection, an allergic reaction may occur. If an allergic reaction occurs, the worker should be removed to the nearest emergency room and the appropriate therapy instituted.

EU Indication of danger: Irritant

EU Hazard Symbols:

EU Risk Phrases:

R43 - May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which require the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or persists, get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water. If irritation occurs or persists, get medical attention.

Ingestion: Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Not known

Fire Fighting Procedures: Treat primary cause of fire.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental Protections: Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large Spills: Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use appropriate personal protective equipment.

Storage Conditions: Store under refrigeration in closed container.

Storage Temperature: 2-7°C (35 - 45°F)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Formaldehyde

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:	= 0.75 ppm TWA
OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals	= 0.5 ppm Action Level = 0.75 ppm TWA = 2 ppm STEL Irritant and potential cancer hazard - see 29 CFR 1910.1048
ACGIH Ceiling Threshold Limit:	= 0.3 ppm Ceiling
ACGIH - Sensitizer Designation	Sensitizer
Australia STEL	= 2 ppm STEL = 2.5 mg/m^3 STEL
Australia TWA	= 1 ppm TWA = 1.2 mg/m^3 TWA

Merthiolate (as mercury)

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:	= 0.01 mg/m^3 TWA
ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)	= 0.01 mg/m^3 TWA
ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (STEL)	= 0.03 mg/m^3 STEL
ACGIH - Skin Absorption Designation	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
Australia STEL	= 0.03 mg/m^3 STEL
Australia TWA	= 0.01 mg/m^3 TWA

Engineering Controls: Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. Exposure monitoring may be necessary to determine requirements.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Hands:	Wear impervious gloves if skin contact is possible.
Eyes:	Safety glasses or goggles
Skin:	Wear protective clothing when working with large quantities. Wash hands and arms thoroughly after handling this material.

Respiratory protection: In the event of a spill where the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) may be exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures below the OEL.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State:	Freeze-dried preparation plus Liquid	**Color:**	No data available.
Molecular Formula:	Mixture	**Molecular Weight:**	Mixture

Solubility: Soluble: Water (based on components)
pH: 7.0 +/- 1.5
Boiling Point (°C): >100
Specific Gravity: 1.0 +/-0.2

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable
Conditions to Avoid: Avoid prolonged exposure to higher temperatures and/or direct sunlight. Do not freeze.
Incompatible Materials: None known

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known
Polymerization: Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information: The antigens included in this product are non-infectious. All have been prepared from killed or inactivated preparations of microorganisms. The primary hazards are due to the formaldehyde content. The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual ingredients.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Merthiolate (as mercury)
Rat Oral LD50 75 mg/kg
Rat Subcutaneous LD50 98 mg/kg

Gentamicin
Rat Oral LD50 6600 mg/kg
Rat Subcutaneous LD50 710 mg/kg
Mouse IM LD50 167 mg/kg
Rat IM LD50 463 mg/kg

Formaldehyde
Rat Oral LD50 800 mg/kg

Inhalation Acute Toxicity Not determined for this material. However, irritation might occur based on effects of individual components.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Merthiolate (as mercury)

Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild

Gentamicin
Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Formaldehyde
Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe
Skin Irritation Rabbit Moderate Severe

Skin Irritation / Sensitization This product contains formaldehyde and merthiolate which are considered to be skin sensitizers.

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Formaldehyde
90 Day(s) Dog Inhalation Not Specified Lungs
90 Day(s) Rat Inhalation Not Specified Lungs
90 Day(s) Monkey Inhalation Not Specified Lungs
9 Day(s) Rat Inhalation 15 ppm LOAEL Respiratory system

Subchronic Effects Rats exposed to 15 ppm formaldehyde vapor for six hours/day for up to nine days showed an acute cell degeneration, necrosis and inflammation in the nasal cavities. Inhalation exposure to formaldehyde for up to 90 days produced interstitial inflammation in the lungs of dogs, rats, monkeys, rabbits and guinea pigs.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity In rats, several inhalation studies have shown that formaldehyde induces squamous-cell carcinomas and necrosis of the nasal cavity. Formaldehyde also showed cocarcinogenic effects when inhaled, ingested, or applied to the skin of rodents.

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Gentamicin
Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Intramuscular 75 mg/kg/day LOAEL Developmental toxicity

Formaldehyde
Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse Oral 185 mg/kg/day Not teratogenic, Maternal toxicity
Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Inhalation 40 ppm Not Teratogenic, Maternal Toxicity

Reproductive Effects Not considered to be a reproductive hazard.

Teratogenicity Formaldehyde has been tested by inhalation, oral, and dermal routes and has not been shown to be teratogenic in animals.

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Formaldehyde
In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Bacteria Positive
In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Rodent Positive
In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Rodent Positive
In Vivo Chromosome Aberration Not specified Positive

Mutagenicity Formaldehyde has been reported to be active in many short-term tests, both in vitro and in vivo.

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Formaldehyde
2 Year(s) Rat Inhalation 6 ppm LOAEL Tumors
2 Year(s) Mouse Inhalation 15 ppm LOAEL Tumors

Carcinogen Status: Contains formaldehyde: potential cancer hazard. See below

Formaldehyde

IARC:	Group 1
NTP:	Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Carcinogen
OSHA:	Present

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: The environmental characteristics of this material have not been fully evaluated. This product contains trace quantities of mercury, releases to the environment should be avoided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Procedures: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. This product contains trace quantities of mercury and may qualify as a RCRA Hazardous Waste. Status should be confirmed using the EPA Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP).

Formaldehyde

RCRA - U Series Wastes waste number U122

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol: Xi
EU Indication of danger: Irritant

EU Risk Phrases:

R43 - May cause sensitization by skin contact.

EU Safety Phrases:

S24 - Avoid contact with skin.
S37 - Wear suitable gloves.

OSHA Label:
WARNING
Contains formaldehyde: potential cancer hazard.
May cause sensitization of the skin and respiratory system.
May cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:
Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A

Gentamicin

California Proposition 65	Aminoglycosides- developmental
Australia (AICS):	Present
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling for Drugs and Poisons:	Schedule 4
EU EINECS List	215-765-8

Aluminum hydroxide

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
EU EINECS List	244-492-7

Formaldehyde

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	= 0.1 % de minimis concentration
CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities:	= 100 lb final RQ = 45.4 kg final RQ
CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous TPQs	= 500 lb TPQ
CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs	= 100 lb EPCRA RQ
California Proposition 65	carcinogen, initial date 1/1/88 (gas)
OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals	= 0.5 ppm Action Level = 0.75 ppm TWA = 2 ppm STEL Irritant and potential cancer hazard - see 29 CFR 1910.1048
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling for Drugs and Poisons:	Schedule 2 Schedule 6
EU EINECS List	200-001-8

Merthiolate (as mercury)

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	= 1.0 % Supplier notification limit
California Proposition 65	Developmental
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
EU EINECS List	200-210-4

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 3 - Hazard Identification. Updated Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures. Updated Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures. Updated Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Updated Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties. Updated Section 11 - Toxicology Information. Updated Section 13 - Disposal Considerations. Updated Section 15 - Regulatory Information.

Prepared by: Toxicology and Hazard Communication
Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate. While Pfizer provides this information in good faith, it does not expressly or impliedly warrant its accuracy.

End of Safety Data Sheet

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Material Name: Bovine Rhinotracheitis-Virus Diarrhea-Parainfluenza3-Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccine, Modified Live & Killed Virus-Campylobacter fetus-Leptospira Canicola-Grippotyphosa-Hardjo-Ichterohaemorrhagiae-Pomona Bacterin

Trade Name: CattleMaster (R) 4+VL5
Chemical Family: Mixture

Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Intended Use: Veterinary Vaccine

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Zoetis Inc.
100 Campus Drive, P.O. Box 651
Florham Park, New Jersey 07932 (USA)
Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center Phone: 1-866-531-8896
Product Support/Technical Services Phone: 1-800-366-5288

Zoetis Belgium S.A.
Mercuriusstraat 20
1930 Zaventem
Belgium

Emergency telephone number:
CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300
Contact E-Mail: VMIPSrecords@zoetis.com

Emergency telephone number:
International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: Freeze-dried preparation plus a liquid adjuvanted preparation

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS - Classification Not classified as hazardous

EU Classification:

EU Indication of danger: Not classified

Label Elements

Signal Word: Not Classified
Hazard Statements: Not classified in accordance with international standards for workplace safety.

Other Hazards

Short Term: May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction . May cause nose, throat and lung irritation. In the event of accidental injection, an allergic reaction may occur. If an allergic reaction occurs, the worker should be removed to the nearest emergency room and the appropriate therapy instituted.

Australian Hazard Classification (NOHSC): Non-Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which require the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	GHS Classification	%
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	200-001-8	T; R23/24/25 C; R34 Carc.Cat.3; R40 R43	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Carc. 2 (H351) Acute Tox. 3 (H331)	<0.1
Merthiolate (as mercury)	54-64-8	200-210-4	T+; R26/27/28 R33 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 2 (H330) Acute Tox. 2 (H310) Acute Tox. 1 (H300) STOT RE 2 (H373) Aq. Acute 1 (H400) Aq. Chronic 1 (H410)	##
Gentamicin	1403-66-3	215-765-8	Not Listed	Not Listed	##

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	GHS Classification	%
Aluminum hydroxide	21645-51-2	244-492-7	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Bovine Parainfluenza3	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Campylobacter fetus	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Leptospira canicola	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Leptospira grippotyphosa	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Leptospira hardjo	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Leptospira pomona	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Bovine Rhinotrachetitis	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Bovine Virus Diarrhea	NOT ASSIGNED	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*

Additional Information: * Proprietary
Trace
Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace safety.

For the full text of the R phrases and CLP/GHS abbreviations mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or persists, get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water. If irritation occurs or persists, get medical attention.

Ingestion: Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms and Effects of Exposure: For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: None known

Indication of the Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Notes to Physician: None

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Extinguish fires with CO2, extinguishing powder, foam, or water.

Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products: Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions.

Advice for Fire-Fighters

During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Environmental Precautions

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to avoid environmental release.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Additional Consideration for Large Spills: Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Prevent environmental releases. Use appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid accidental injection.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Store under refrigeration in closed container.

Storage Temperature: 2-7°C (35 - 45°F)

Specific end use(s): No data available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Aluminum hydroxide

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)	1 mg/m^3
Austria OEL - MAKs	5 mg/m^3
Germany (DFG) - MAK	4 mg/m^3 1.5 mg/m^3
Latvia OEL - TWA	6 mg/m^3
Lithuania OEL - TWA	6 mg/m^3
Poland OEL - TWA	2.5 mg/m^3 1.2 mg/m^3
Slovakia OEL - TWA	1.5 mg/m^3
Switzerland OEL -TWAs	3 mg/m^3

Formaldehyde

ACGIH Ceiling Threshold Limit:	0.3 ppm
ACGIH - Sensitizer Designation	Sensitizer
Australia STEL	2 ppm 2.5 mg/m^3
Australia TWA	1 ppm 1.2 mg/m^3
Austria OEL - MAKs	0.5 ppm 0.6 mg/m^3
Bulgaria OEL - TWA	1.0 mg/m^3
Czech Republic OEL - TWA	0.5 mg/m^3
Estonia OEL - TWA	0.5 ppm 0.6 mg/m^3

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Finland OEL - TWA	0.3 ppm 0.37 mg/m^3
France OEL - TWA	0.5 ppm
Germany (DFG) - MAK	0.3 ppm 0.37 mg/m^3 no irritation should occur during mixed exposure
Greece OEL - TWA	2 ppm 2.5 mg/m^3
Hungary OEL - TWA	0.6 mg/m^3
Ireland OEL - TWAs	2 ppm 2.5 mg/m^3
Japan - OELs - Ceilings	0.2 ppm 0.24 mg/m^3
Latvia OEL - TWA	0.5 mg/m^3
Lithuania OEL - TWA	0.5 ppm 0.6 mg/m^3
Netherlands OEL - TWA	0.15 mg/m^3
Vietnam OEL - TWAs	0.5 mg/m^3
OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:	0.75 ppm
OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals	2 ppm 0.5 ppm 0.75 ppm
Poland OEL - TWA	0.5 mg/m^3
Romania OEL - TWA	1 ppm 1.20 mg/m^3
Slovakia OEL - TWA	0.3 ppm 0.37 mg/m^3
Slovenia OEL - TWA	0.5 ppm 0.62 mg/m^3
Sweden OEL - TWAs	0.3 ppm 0.37 mg/m^3
Switzerland OEL -TWAs	0.3 ppm 0.37 mg/m^3

Gentamicin

Bulgaria OEL - TWA	0.1 mg/m^3

The purpose of the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) classification system is to separate substances into different Hazard categories when the available data are sufficient to do so, but inadequate to establish an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL). The OEB given is based upon an analysis of all currently available data; as such, this value may be subject to revision when new information becomes available.

Gentamicin

Zoetis OEB	OEB 2 (control exposure to the range of 100ug/m^3 to < 1000ug/m^3)

Exposure Controls

Engineering Controls:	Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. Exposure monitoring may be necessary to determine requirements.
Personal Protective Equipment:	Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal protective equipment (PPE).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Hands: Wear impervious gloves if skin contact is possible.
Eyes: Safety glasses or goggles
Skin: Use protective clothing (uniforms, lab coats, disposable coveralls, etc.) in both production and laboratory areas.
Respiratory protection: In the event of a spill where the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) may be exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures below the OEL.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Freeze-dried preparation plus Liquid
Color: No data available.
Odor: No data available.
Odor Threshold: No data available.
Molecular Formula: Mixture
Molecular Weight: Mixture

Solvent Solubility: No data available
Water Solubility: No data available
Solubility: Soluble: Water (based on components)
pH: 7.0 +/- 1.5
Melting/Freezing Point (°C): No data available
Boiling Point (°C): >100
Partition Coefficient: (Method, pH, Endpoint, Value)
No data available
Decomposition Temperature (°C): No data available.

Evaporation Rate (Gram/s): No data available
Vapor Pressure (kPa): No data available
Vapor Density (g/ml): No data available
Relative Density: No data available
Specific Gravity: 1.0 +/-0.2
Viscosity: No data available

Flammablity:
Autoignition Temperature (Solid) (°C): No data available
Flammability (Solids): No data available
Flash Point (Liquid) (°C): No data available
Upper Explosive Limits (Liquid) (% by Vol.): No data available
Lower Explosive Limits (Liquid) (% by Vol.): No data available
Polymerization: Will not occur

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available
Chemical Stability: Stable
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Oxidizing Properties: No data available
Conditions to Avoid: Avoid prolonged exposure to higher temperatures and/or direct sunlight. Do not freeze.
Incompatible Materials: As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers
Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

General Information: Toxicological properties of the formulation have not been fully investigated. The antigens included in this product are non-infectious. All have been prepared from killed or inactivated preparations of microorganisms. The primary hazards are due to the formaldehyde content. The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual ingredients.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Merthiolate (as mercury)
Rat Oral LD50 75 mg/kg
Rat Subcutaneous LD50 98mg/kg

Gentamicin
Rat Oral LD50 6600 mg/kg
Rat Subcutaneous LD50 710mg/kg
Mouse IM LD50 167 mg/kg
Rat IM LD50 463 mg/kg

Formaldehyde
Rat Oral LD50 800 mg/kg

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Merthiolate (as mercury)
Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild

Gentamicin
Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Formaldehyde
Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe
Skin Irritation Rabbit Moderate Severe

Skin Irritation / Sensitization This product contains formaldehyde and merthiolate which are considered to be skin sensitizers.

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Formaldehyde
90 Day(s) Dog Inhalation Not Specified Lungs
90 Day(s) Rat Inhalation Not Specified Lungs
90 Day(s) Monkey Inhalation Not Specified Lungs
9 Day(s) Rat Inhalation 15 ppm LOAEL Respiratory system

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity In rats, several inhalation studies have shown that formaldehyde induces squamous-cell carcinomas and necrosis of the nasal cavity. Formaldehyde also showed cocarcinogenic effects when inhaled, ingested, or applied to the skin of rodents.

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Gentamicin
Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Intramuscular 75 mg/kg/day LOAEL Developmental toxicity

Formaldehyde
Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse Oral 185 mg/kg/day Not teratogenic, Maternal toxicity
Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Inhalation 40 ppm Not Teratogenic, Maternal Toxicity
Reproductive Effects Not considered to be a reproductive hazard.

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Formaldehyde
In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Bacteria Positive
In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Rodent Positive
In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Rodent Positive
In Vivo Chromosome Aberration Not specified Positive

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Formaldehyde
2 Year(s) Rat Inhalation 6 ppm LOAEL Tumors
2 Year(s) Mouse Inhalation 15 ppm LOAEL Tumors

Carcinogen Status: No known carcinogens are present at greater than 0.1%

Formaldehyde
IARC: Group 1 (Carcinogenic to Humans)
NTP: Known Human Carcinogen
OSHA: Listed

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: The environmental characteristics of this material have not been fully evaluated. Releases to the environment should be avoided.

Toxicity: No data available

Persistence and Degradability: No data available

Bio-accumulative Potential: No data available

Mobility in Soil: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater. This product contains trace quantities of mercury and may qualify as a RCRA Hazardous Waste. Status should be confirmed using the EPA Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP).

Formaldehyde
RCRA - U Series Wastes Listed

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following refers to all modes of transportation unless specified below.

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS hazard class:
None required

Aluminum hydroxide

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	244-492-7

Bovine Parainfluenza3

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Campylobacter fetus

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Leptospira canicola

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Leptospira grippotyphosa

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Leptospira hardjo

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Leptospira pomona

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Bovine Rhinotrachetitis

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Bovine Virus Diarrhea

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Not Listed

Formaldehyde

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	0.1 %
CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities:	100 lb 45.4 kg
CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous TPQs	500 lb
CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs	100 lb
California Proposition 65	carcinogen initial date 1/1/88 gas
OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals	2 ppm 0.5 ppm 0.75 ppm
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling for Drugs and Poisons:	Schedule 2 Schedule 6
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	200-001-8

Merthiolate (as mercury)

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	200-210-4

Gentamicin

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
Australia (AICS):	Present
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling for Drugs and Poisons:	Schedule 4
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	215-765-8

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases and GHS Classification abbreviations mentioned in Section 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
H331 - Toxic if inhaled
H330 - Fatal if inhaled
H310 - Fatal in contact with skin
H300 - Fatal if swallowed
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

R34 - Causes burns.
R40 - Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect
R43 - May cause sensitization by skin contact.
R33 - Danger of cumulative effects.
R23/24/25 - Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R26/27/28 - Very toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R50/53 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Data Sources: The data contained in this MSDS may have been gathered from confidential internal sources, raw material suppliers, or from the published literature.

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 1 - Identification of the Substance/Preparation and the Company/Undertaking. Updated Section 2 - Hazard Identification. Updated Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients. Updated Section 4 - First Aid Measures. Updated Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures. Updated Section 7 - Handling and Storage. Updated Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Updated Section 13 - Disposal Considerations. Updated Section 15 - Regulatory Information.

Prepared by: Toxicology and Hazard Communication
Zoetis Global Risk Management

Zoetis Inc. believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time.

End of Safety Data Sheet