This SDS packet was issued with item:

078240162

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to the individual products listed below. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

078848394

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to one or more components included in the items listed below. Items listed below may require one or more SDS. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

078073732



MSD is a tradename of Merck & Co., Inc., with headquarters in Whitehouse Station, N.J., U.S.A.

MSD Animal Health Avenida 16 de Septiembre No. 301 Xaltocan, Xochimilco Mexico 16090 MEXICO, D.F.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MSD urges each user or recipient of this MSDS to read the entire data sheet to become aware of the hazards associated with this material.

SECTION1. IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE AND CONTACT INFORMATION

MSDS NAME: Optimmune Ophthalmic Ointment

SYNONYM(S): Optimmune Ophthalmic Ointment

None

MSDS NUMBER: SP000155

EMERGENCY NUMBER(S): (908) 423-6000 (24/7/365) English Only

Schering-Plough Security Control Center (908) 820-6921 (24 Hours)

INFORMATION: +52 (55) 57 28 44 44 (Xochimico Mexico)

MERCK SDS HELPLINE: +1 (908) 473-3371 (Worldwide)

Monday to Friday, 9am to 5pm (US Eastern Time)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Colorless to light yellow

Ointment

Odor unknown

May cause cancer.

May cause effects to:

immune system

kidney

liver

EU CLASSIFICATION(S): Carc.Cat.2;R45

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

The toxicological properties of the mixture(s) have not been fully characterized in humans or animals. However, there are data to describe the toxicological properties of the individual ingredients. The following summary is based upon available information about the individual ingredients of the mixture(s), or of the expected properties of the mixture(s).

Cyclosporine is an immunosuppressive agent. Kidney toxicity is a critical side effect with nearly all patients that receive the drug. Long term treatment of cyclosporine can result in chronic kidney damage. Cyclosporine has been classified as a human carcinogen based on studies in humans, which indicate a causal relationship between exposure to cyclosporine and human cancer.

Effects in animal studies suggest a low order of acute toxicity. Effects seen in repeat dose studies are consistent with the pharmacological immunosuppressive activity of the drug. Kidney and liver effects have been observed at toxic dose levels.

Petrolatum may cause allergic contact dermatitis. Ingestion of petrolatum may cause laxative effects and may result in abdominal cramps and diarrhea. If aspirated, this product may cause lipid pneumonia or lipid granuloma of the lung; however, petrolatum does not present a high risk of aspiration.

LISTED CARCINOGENS

INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Cyclosporine	59865-13-3		1	K	

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

PRODUCT USE: Veterinary product

CHEMICAL FORMULA: Mixture.

The formulations for these products are proprietary information. These formulations have the same hazardous profile; however, the presence of hazardous ingredients may vary by formulation. Only hazardous ingredients in concentrations of 1% or greater and/or carcinogenic ingredients in concentrations of 0.1% or greater are listed in the Chemical Composition table. Active ingredients in any concentration are listed. For additional information about carcinogenic ingredients see Section 2.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	EC NUMBER	EU CLASSIFICATION	PERCENT
Cyclosporine	59865-13-3			0.2
Petrolatum	8009-03-8	232-373-2	Carc.Cat.2; R45	50-60

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

This MSDS is written to provide health and safety information for individuals who will be handling the final product formulation during research, manufacturing, and distribution. For health and safety information for individual ingredients used during manufacturing, refer to the appropriate MSDS for each ingredient. Refer to the package insert or product label for handling guidance for the consumer.

See section 15 for EU hazard classification symbols and risk and safety phrases.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If any trouble breathing, get immediate medical attention. Administer artificial

respiration if breathing has ceased. If irritation or symptoms occur or persist, consult a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: In case of skin contact, while wearing protective gloves, carefully remove any contaminated clothing,

including shoes, and wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation or symptoms occur or persist,

consult a physician.

EYE CONTACT: In case of eye contact, immediately rinse eyes thoroughly with plenty of water. If wearing contact lenses,

remove only after initial rinse, and continue rinsing eyes for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or

persists, consult a physician.

INGESTION: Rinse mouth and drink a glass of water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of a qualified

medical professional or Poison Control Center. If symptoms persist, consult a physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product contains cyclosporine, an immunosuppressive agent, which is known to cause cancer and

kidney damage in humans.

MSDS NAME: Optimmune Ophthalmic Ointment MSDS NUMBER: SP000155

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SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABILITY DATA:

Flash Point: Not determined (liquids) or not applicable (solids).

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Carbon dioxide (CO2), extinguishing powder or water spray.

See Section 9 for Physical and Chemical Properties.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Keep personnel away from the clean-up area.

SPILL RESPONSE / CLEANUP:

All spills should be handled according to site requirements and based on precautions cited in the MSDS. In the case of liquids, use proper absorbent materials. For laboratories and small-scale operations, incidental spills within a hood or enclosure should be cleaned by using a HEPA filtered vacuum or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. For large dry or liquid spills or those spills outside enclosure or hood, appropriate emergency response personnel should be notified. In manufacturing and large-scale operations, HEPA vacuuming prior to wet mopping or cleaning is required.

See Sections 9 and 10 for additional physical, chemical, and hazard information.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Keep containers adequately sealed during material transfer, transport, or when not in use. Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin after handling. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this substance or mixture.

Appropriate handling of this material is dependent on many factors, including physical form, duration and frequency of process or task, and effectiveness of engineering controls. Site-specific risk assessments should be conducted to determine the feasibility and the appropriateness of all exposure control measures. See Section 8 (Exposure Controls) for additional guidance.

STORAGE:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area.

See Section 8 for exposure controls and additional safe handling information.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The health hazard risks of handling this material are dependent on many factors, including physical form, duration and frequency of process or task, and effectiveness of engineering controls. Site-specific risk assessments should be conducted to determine the feasibility and the appropriateness of all exposure control measures. Exposure controls for normal operating or routine procedures follow a tiered strategy. Engineering controls are the preferred means of long-term or permanent exposure control. If engineering controls are not feasible, appropriate use of personal protective equipment (PPE) may be considered as alternative control measures. Exposure controls for non-routine operations must be evaluated and addressed as part of the site-specific risk assessment.

RECOMMENDED PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

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Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protective equipment (RPE) may be required for certain laboratory and large-scale

manufacturing tasks if potential airborne breathing zone concentrations of substances exceed the relevant exposure limit(s). Workplace risk assessment should be completed before specifying and implementing RPE usage. Potential exposure points and pathways, task duration and frequency, potential employee contact with the substance, and the ability of the substance to be rendered airborne during specific tasks should be evaluated. Initial and ongoing strategies of quantitative exposure measurement should be obtained as required by the workplace risk assessment. All RPE must conform to local and regional specifications for efficacy and performance. Consult your site or corporate health and safety professional

for additional guidance.

Skin Protection: Gloves that provide an appropriate barrier to the skin are recommended if there is potential for contact with

this material. Consult your site safety staff for guidance.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields. Use of goggles or full face protection may be required based on hazard,

potential for contact, or level of exposure. Consult your site safety staff for guidance.

Body Protection: In small-scale or laboratory operations, lab coats or equivalent protection is required. Disposable Tyvek or

other dust impermeable suit should be considered based on procedure or level of exposure. Use of additional PPE such as shoe coverings, gauntlets, hood, or head covering may be necessary. Consult

your site safety staff for guidance.

In large-scale or manufacturing operations, disposable Tyvek or other dust impermeable suit is

recommended and based on level of exposure. Use of additional PPE such as shoe coverings, gauntlets,

hood, or head covering may be necessary. Consult your site safety staff for guidance.

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES:

No exposure limits are available for the active ingredient(s) or any other hazardous ingredient in this formulation.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FORM: Ointment

COLOR: Colorless to light yellow

ODOR: Odor unknown

SOLUBILITY:

Water: Not determined

See Section 5 for flammability/explosivity information.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY/ REACTIVITY:

Stable at ambient temperature.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS / CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS / REACTIONS:

No dangerous decomposition if used according to manufacturer's specifications.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information presented below pertains to the following individual ingredients, and not to the mixture.

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA

ORAL:

Cyclosporine: Oral LD50: 1480 mg/kg (rat)

Toxic signs observed during the determination of the oral LD50 in rats included hyperventilation, drowsiness, muscle spasm, piloerection, weight loss

and diarrhea.

DERMAL AND RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION:

Petrolatum was not a skin sensitizer in guinea pigs.

REPEAT DOSE TOXICITY DATA

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SUBCHRONIC / CHRONIC TOXICITY:

Three month oral toxicity studies in rats an rhesus monkeys and a one year oral toxicity study in dogs were conducted with cyclosporine. Rats dosed at 45 mg/kg/day and greater exhibited serious nephro- and hepatotoxicity. Immunosuppressive activity was observed in rats at 14 mg/kg/day; however, this was attributed to the pharmacological activity of the material and was not considered a toxic effect. There were no signs of toxicity observed in monkeys or dogs at doses up to 300 mg/kg/day except for a high incidence of infectious lesions in dogs which was attributed to the immunosuppressive activity of cyclosporine.

REPRODUCTIVE / DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY:

Two-generation reproduction and peri and postnatal development studies were conducted in rats and developmental toxicity studies were conducted in rats and rabbits with cyclosporine. No reproductive or developmental toxicity was observed at dose levels that were not maternally toxic. No effect levels were 15 mg/kg/day for reproductive effects, 17 mg/kg/day for developmental effects in rats and 30 mg/kg/day for developmental effects in rabbits.

MUTAGENICITY / GENOTOXICITY:

Cyclosporine was negative in a bacterial mutagenicity study (Ames), in mouse and Chinese hamster micronucleus assays, in a chromosome aberration assay in Chinese hamster bone marrow cells, and in a dominant lethal test in male mice. Cyclosporine and its metabolites were negative in V79 Chinese hamster fibroblasts in the HGPRT test system.

CARCINOGENICITY:

There was no evidence of carcinogenicity in rats or mice given cyclosporine at doses up to 8 or 16 mg/kg/day, respectively.

There was no evidence of carcinogenicity when petrolatum was given to mice dermally or subcutaneously or in rats intraperitoneally or orally.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY DATA

There are no ecototoxicity data available for this product or its components.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

There are no environmental data available for this product or its components.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

MATERIAL WASTE:

Disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and/or local regulations. Incineration is the preferred method of disposal, when appropriate. Operations that involve the crushing or shredding of waste materials or returned goods must be handled to meet the recommended exposure limit(s).

PACKAGING AND CONTAINERS:

Disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and/or local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This material is not subject to the transportation regulations of DOT, IATA, IMO, and the ADR.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA LISTING

INGREDIENT	TSCA
Petrolatum	X

EUROPEAN UNION REGULATIONS:

The classification presented below is based on the active ingredient(s) and individual hazardous ingredients in the product formulation.

Indication of Danger: T - Toxic.

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Risk Phrases: R45 - May cause cancer.

Safety Phrases:

S53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Although reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this document, we extend no warranties and make no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained therein, and assume no responsibility regarding the suitability of this information for the user's intended purposes or for the consequence of its use. Each individual should make a determination as to the suitability of the information for their particular purpose(s).

DEPARTMENT ISSUING MSDS:Global Safety & the Environment

Merck & Co., Inc. One Merck Drive

Whitehouse Station, NJ 08889

MERCK SDS HELPLINE: +1 (908) 473-3371 (Worldwide)

Monday to Friday, 9am to 5pm (US Eastern Time)

MSDS CREATION DATE: 06-Jul-1995

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES (LAM SUBFORMAT): New regional format, New Language (Latin-American Spanish), OEB

MSDS NAME: Optimmune Ophthalmic Ointment MSDS NUMBER: SP000155

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Cyclosporine Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 02/13/2018 3.2 04/12/2018 608889-00007 Date of first issue: 04/08/2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Cyclosporine Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc

Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road

Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033

Telephone : 908-740-4000

Telefax : 908-735-1496

Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H350 May cause cancer.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging

fertility.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.



Cyclosporine Formulation

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
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 3.2
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 Date of first issue: 04/08/2016

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous ingredients

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Petrolatum	8009-03-8	>= 50 - < 70
Corn oil	8001-30-7	>= 30 - < 50
Cyclosporine	59865-13-3	>= 0.1 - < 1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately., When symptoms persist or in all cases of

doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

May cause cancer.

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertili-

ty.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.



Cyclosporine Formulation

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SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective

equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material

can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.



Cyclosporine Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 02/13/2018 3.2 04/12/2018 608889-00007 Date of first issue: 04/08/2016

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parameters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
Petrolatum	8009-03-8	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m³	ACGIH
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		ST (Mist)	10 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
Corn oil	8001-30-7	TWA (mist - total)	10 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		TWA (mist - respirable)	5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
Cyclosporine	59865-13-3	TWA	10 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm ²	Internal

Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing

technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-

less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to



Cyclosporine Formulation

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protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled gross (e.g., open face).

the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES



Cyclosporine Formulation

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Appearance : viscous liquid

Color : colorless, to, light yellow

Odor : No information available.

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.



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Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Corn oil:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Cyclosporine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,480 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2,329 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available



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Acute toxicity (other routes of:

administration)

LD50 (Mouse): 107 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Rat): 25.8 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Cyclosporine:

Remarks : No data available

May irritate skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Cyclosporine:

Remarks : No data available

May irritate eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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Cyclosporine:

Remarks : May cause sensitization of susceptible persons.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cyclosporine:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster cells

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Chinese hamster Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.



Cyclosporine Formulation

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Components:

Petrolatum:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Cyclosporine:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 78 weeks

LOAEL : 4 mg/kg body weight

Result : positive

Target Organs : Liver, lymphatic system

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

LOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg body weight

Result : positive Target Organs : Pancreas

Species : Humans

Result : May cause cancer.

Target Organs : Immune system, Skin

Remarks : Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

May cause cancer.

IARC Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

Cyclosporine 59865-13-3

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP Known to be human carcinogen

Cyclosporine 59865-13-3

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

est

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development



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Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cyclosporine:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility., Effect on reproduction capacity.

Test Type: Fertility Species: Rat, males

Application Route: Subcutaneous Fertility: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Result: Reduced fertility

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses,

Reduced fetal weight., Fetal mortality., Retardations.,

Teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses,

Reduced fetal weight., Fetal mortality., Retardations.,

Teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: Kidney

Result: Visceral malformations.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Intravenous

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 12 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: Heart

Result: Visceral malformations.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.



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Components:

Cyclosporine:

Target Organs : Kidney, Liver, Immune system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 2 y

Cyclosporine:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 14 mg/kg
LOAEL : 45 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days

Target Organs : Kidney, Liver, Immune system

Symptoms : hair loss

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 20 mg/kg
LOAEL : 60 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days

Target Organs : Immune system

Symptoms : Gastrointestinal disturbance, Liver disorders, Kidney disorders

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 15 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Immune system

Symptoms : Changes in the blood count, Kidney disorders, Skin disorders,

hair loss

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Cyclosporine:

Inhalation : Remarks: May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Skin contact : Remarks: May irritate skin.



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Eye contact : Symptoms: Eye irritation, eye pain

Ingestion : Symptoms: Kidney disorders, Tremors, hypertension, blood

effects. Gastrointestinal disturbance

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >=

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Corn oil:

Toxicity to fish : LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC0 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Petrolatum:



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Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 31 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Corn oil:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Corn oil:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Remarks: No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good



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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Petrolatum 8009-03-8 Corn oil 8001-30-7

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Cyclosporine, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Petrolatum 8009-03-8

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Petrolatum 8009-03-8 Corn oil 8001-30-7

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined



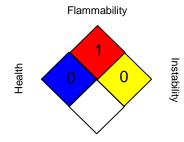
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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



Special hazard.

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded

at any time during a workday

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of



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Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 04/12/2018

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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