This SDS packet was issued with item: 078037207

N/A



Revision date: 07-Jan-2015

Version: 2.0

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**Product Identifier** 

Material Name: Nolvasan Surgical Scrub

Trade Name: Chemical Family: Nolvasan Mixture

#### Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Intended Use: Restrictions on Use: Veterinary product ( antimicrobial ) Not for human use

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Zoetis Inc. 100 Campus Drive, P.O. Box 651 Florham Park, New Jersey 07932 (USA) Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center Phone: 1-866-531-8896 Product Support/Technical Services Phone: 1-800-366-5288

Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300 Contact E-Mail: VMIPSrecords@zoetis.com Zoetis Belgium S.A. Mercuriusstraat 20 1930 Zaventem Belgium

Emergency telephone number: International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance:

Clear blue viscous liquid

#### Classification of the Substance or Mixture GHS - Classification

Acute Toxicity - Dusts and Mists: Category 4 Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 2 Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 2

ΤN

#### **EU Classification:**

EU Indication of danger: Toxic

Dangerous for the Environment

EU Symbol: EU Risk Phrases:

> R23 - Toxic by inhalation. R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### Label Elements

Signal Word:	Warning
Hazard Statements:	H332 - Harmful if inhaled
	H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Material Name: Nolvasan Surgical Scrub Revision date: 07-Jan-2015

Precautionary Statements:

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor/physician if you feel unwell

P391 - Collect spillage

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local and national regulations



Other Hazards Short Term: Australian Hazard Classification (NOHSC):

Note:

May cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.

This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which requires the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warning included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Hazardous	

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	GHS Classification	%
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	200-338-0	Not Listed	Not Listed	5
Chlorhexidine acetate	56-95-1	200-302-4	Xn;R22 Xi;R36 T+;R26 N;R50	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox.2(H330) Eye Irrit.2A (H319) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)	2
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	203-868-0	Xn; R22-48/22 Xi; R38-41	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) STOT RE 2 (H373) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)	<1
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	231-595-7	T; R23 C; R35	STOT SE 3 (H335) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Press. Gas Acute Tox. 3 (H331)	** / ##

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	GHS Classification	%
D & C Blue No. 1	3844-45-9	223-339-8	Not Listed	Not Listed	<0.1
dditional Information: or the full text of the R phrases a	safety.		ve been assessed und		kplace
· · · · · · · ·					
escription of First Aid Measures Eye Contact:	Flush with water whi immediately.	le holding eyelids op	en for at least 15 mir	utes. Seek medical	attention
Skin Contact:	Remove contaminat medical attention.	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek medical attention.			
Ingestion:	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.				
Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air	and keep patient at	rest. Seek medical a	ttention immediately.	
lost Important Symptoms and Eff Symptoms and Effects of Exposure: Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:	For information on p		mptoms of exposure ogical Information.	, See Section 2 - Haz	zards
ndication of the Immediate Medica Notes to Physician:	al Attention and Specia None	al Treatment Neede	d		
	5. FIRE-FIG	HTING MEA	SURES		
xtinguishing Media:	Extinguish fires with	CO2, extinguishing	powder, foam, or wat	er.	
pecial Hazards Arising from the S Hazardous Combustion Products:		ases is possible duri	ng heating or fire.		
Fire / Explosion Hazards:	Not flammable.				
dvice for Fire-Fighters During all fire fighting activities	s, wear appropriate prote	ective equipment, inc	luding self-contained	breathing apparatus	
	. ACCIDENTAI				

Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Minimize exposure.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to avoid environmental release.

Material Name: Nolvasan Surgical Scrub Revision date: 07-Jan-2015

Methods and Material for Containment	nt and Cleaning Up		
Measures for Cleaning /	Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so.	Collect spill with absorbent material.	Clean spill
Collecting:	area thoroughly.		

Additional Consideration for Large Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

When handling, use proper personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Avoid breathing dust, vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure or environmental releases. Potential points of process emissions of this material to the atmosphere should be controlled with dust collectors, HEPA filtration systems or other equivalent controls.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions:

Store at room temperature in properly labeled containers. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.

**Incompatible Materials:** Specific end use(s):

Acids , Bases , As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers Veterinary antimicrobial

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

### **Propylene glycol**

Ireland OEL - TWAs150 ppm 470 mg/m³ 0 mg/m³Latvia OEL - TWA7 mg/m³Lithuania OEL - TWA7 mg/m³Diethanolamine7 mg/m³ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)1 mg/m³ACGIH - Skin Absorption Designation5 kkin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous routeAustralia TWA3 ppm 3 mg/m³Austria OEL - MAKs2 mg/m³Belgium OEL - TWA0.46 ppm 2 mg/m³Bulgaria OEL - TWA10 mg/m³ 3 mg/m³Estonia OEL - TWA3 ppm 3 mg/m³Bulgaria OEL - TWA0.46 ppm 2 mg/m³Bulgaria OEL - TWA3 pg/m³ 3 mg/m³Bulgaria OEL - TWA10 mg/m³ 3 mg/m³Bulgaria OEL - TWA3 pg/m³ 3 mg/m³Bulgaria OEL - TWA3 mg/m³ 3 mg/m³Bulgaria OEL - TWA3 pg/m³ 3 mg/m³ 3 mg/m³ </th <th>Australia TWA</th> <th>150 ppm 474 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup></th>	Australia TWA	150 ppm 474 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Latvia OEL - TWA Lithuania OEL - TWA7 mg/m³ 7 mg/m3Diethanolamine7 mg/m3ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)1 mg/m3 ACGIH - Skin Absorption Designation1 mg/m3 Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous routeAustralia TWA3 ppm 13 mg/m3Austria OEL - MAKs0.46 ppm 	Ireland OEL - TWAs	470 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Lithuania OEL - TWA 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Diethanolamine ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ACGIH - Skin Absorption Designation Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route Australia TWA 3 ppm Austria OEL - MAKs 0.46 ppm 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Belgium OEL - TWA 0.46 ppm 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Bulgaria OEL - TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Czech Republic OEL - TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Denmark OEL - TWA 0.46 ppm 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Bulgaria OEL - TWA 3 ppm	Latvia OEL - TWA	-
ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)1 mg/m³ACGIH - Skin Absorption DesignationSkin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous routeAustralia TWA3 ppm 13 mg/m³Austria OEL - MAKs0.46 ppm 2 mg/m³Belgium OEL - TWA0.46 ppm 2 mg/m³Bulgaria OEL - TWA10 mg/m³Czech Republic OEL - TWA5 mg/m³Denmark OEL - TWA9.46 ppm 2 mg/m³Estonia OEL - TWA9.46 ppm 3 ppm	Lithuania OEL - TWA	
ACGIH - Skin Absorption DesignationSkin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous routeAustralia TWA3 ppmAustria OEL - MAKs0.46 ppmBelgium OEL - TWA0.46 ppmBulgaria OEL - TWA0.46 ppmCzech Republic OEL - TWA10 mg/m³Denmark OEL - TWA0.46 ppmEstonia OEL - TWA0.46 ppmBulgaria OEL - TWA5 mg/m³Denmark OEL - TWA5 mg/m³Denmark OEL - TWA0.46 ppmStonia OEL - TWA3 ppm	Diethanolamine	
Australia TWA       3 ppm         Austria OEL - MAKs       0.46 ppm         Belgium OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         Bulgaria OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         Czech Republic OEL - TWA       10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Czech Republic OEL - TWA       5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Denmark OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         Zmg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Denmark OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         Zmg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Denmark OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         Zmg/m <sup>3</sup> 3 ppm	ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TW)	A) 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Austria OEL - MAKs       13 mg/m³         Austria OEL - MAKs       0.46 ppm         2 mg/m³       2 mg/m³         Belgium OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         2 mg/m³       2 mg/m³         Bulgaria OEL - TWA       10 mg/m³         Czech Republic OEL - TWA       5 mg/m³         Denmark OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         2 mg/m³       2 mg/m³         Estonia OEL - TWA       3 ppm	ACGIH - Skin Absorption Designat	
2 mg/m³         Belgium OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         2 mg/m³         Bulgaria OEL - TWA       10 mg/m³         Czech Republic OEL - TWA       5 mg/m³         Denmark OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         2 mg/m³       2 mg/m³         Bulgaria OEL - TWA       5 mg/m³         Denmark OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         2 mg/m³       2 mg/m³         Estonia OEL - TWA       3 ppm	Australia TWA	
2 mg/m³         Bulgaria OEL - TWA       10 mg/m³         Czech Republic OEL - TWA       5 mg/m³         Denmark OEL - TWA       0.46 ppm         2 mg/m³       2 mg/m³         Estonia OEL - TWA       3 ppm	Austria OEL - MAKs	
Czech Republic OEL - TWA5 mg/m³Denmark OEL - TWA0.46 ppm2 mg/m³Estonia OEL - TWA3 ppm	Belgium OEL - TWA	
Czech Republic OEL - TWA5 mg/m³Denmark OEL - TWA0.46 ppm2 mg/m³2 mg/m³Estonia OEL - TWA3 ppm	Bulgaria OEL - TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Estonia OEL - TWA 3 ppm	-	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Denmark OEL - TWA	
	Estonia OEL - TWA	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL	LS / PERSONAL PROTECTION
Finland OEL - TWA	0.46 ppm
	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
France OEL - TWA	3 ppm
	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Germany (DFG) - MAK	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Greece OEL - TWA	3 ppm
Ireland OEL - TWAs	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Lithuania OEL - TWAS	3 ppm
Littuania OEL - TWA	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Poland OEL - TWA	9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Portugal OEL - TWA	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Slovenia OEL - TWA	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Spain OEL - TWA	0.46 ppm
	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3$
Sweden OEL - TWAs	3 ppm
	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Switzerland OEL -TWAs	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hydrochloric Acid	
ACGIH Ceiling Threshold Limit:	2 ppm
Australia PEAK	5 ppm
	7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Austria OEL - MAKs	5 ppm
Polaium OEL TMA	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Belgium OEL - TWA	5 ppm 8 mg/m³
Bulgaria OEL - TWA	8.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Bulgaria OEE TWA	5 ppm
Cyprus OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Czech Republic OEL - TWA	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Estonia OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Germany - TRGS 900 - TWAs	2 ppm
	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Germany (DFG) - MAK	2 ppm
	3.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Greece OEL - TWA	5 ppm 7 mg/m³
Hungary OEL - TWA	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ireland OEL - TWAs	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Italy OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Japan - OELs - Ceilings	5 ppm
	7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Latvia OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Lithuania OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Luxembourg OEL - TWA	5 ppm 8 mg/m³
	omym

8. EXPOSURE CO	NTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION
Malta OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Netherlands OEL - TWA	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Vietnam OEL - TWAs	5 mg/m³
Poland OEL - TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Romania OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Slovakia OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Slovenia OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Spain OEL - TWA	5 ppm
	7.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Switzerland OEL -TWAs	2 ppm
	3.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

The purpose of the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) classification system is to separate substances into different Hazard categories when the available data are sufficient to do so, but inadequate to establish an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL). The OEB given is based upon an analysis of all currently available data; as such, this value may be subject to revision when new information becomes available.

Chlorhexidine acetate Zoetis OEB	OEB 4 (control exposure to the range of 1ug/m <sup>3</sup> to <10ug/m <sup>3</sup> )
Exposure Controls	
Engineering Controls:	Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. Keep air contamination levels below the exposure limits or within the OEB range listed above in this section.
Personal Protective Equipment:	Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal protective equipment (PPE).
Hands:	Wear impervious gloves if skin contact is possible.
Eyes:	Safety glasses or goggles
Skin:	Use protective clothing (uniforms, lab coats, disposable coveralls, etc.) in both production and laboratory areas.
Respiratory protection:	If airborne exposures are within or exceed the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) range, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to the bottom of the OEB range. If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:	Viscous Liquid	Color:
Odor:	Pleasant	Odor Threshold:
Molecular Formula:	Mixture	Molecular Weight:
Solvent Solubility: Water Solubility: pH: Melting/Freezing Point (°C): Boiling Point (°C): Partition Coefficient: (Method, pH, E No data available Decomposition Temperature (°C):	No data available Soluble No data available. No data available No data available. Indpoint, Value) No data available.	

Clear blue No data available. Mixture

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Evaporation Rate (Gram/s): Vapor Pressure (kPa): Vapor Density (g/ml): Relative Density: Viscosity: No data available No data available No data available 1.02 No data available

#### Flammablity:

Autoignition Temperature (Solid) (°C): Flammability (Solids): Flash Point (Liquid) (°C): Upper Explosive Limits (Liquid) (% by Vol.): Lower Explosive Limits (Liquid) (% by Vol.): No data available No data available No data available No data available No data available

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: Chemical Stability: Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Oxidizing Properties: Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible Materials: Hazardous Decomposition Products: No data available Stable under normal conditions of use.

No data available Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions. Acids, Bases, As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers Thermal decomposition products may include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic vapors.

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on Toxicological Effects General Information:

Toxicological properties of the formulation have not been investigated. The information in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual ingredients and the formulation. Routes of exposure: eye contact, skin contact

#### Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

#### **Chlorhexidine acetate**

 Mouse
 Oral
 LD 50
 2000 mg/kg

 Rat
 Oral
 LD 50
 (F) 1180 / (M) 1710 mg/kg

 Rat
 Inhalation
 LC 50
 0.10 - 0.46 mg/L

 Rabbit
 Dermal
 LD 50
 > 2000 mg/kg

#### **Propylene glycol**

 Rat
 Oral
 LD 50
 22,000 mg/kg

 Mouse
 Oral
 LD 50
 24,900mg/kg

 Rabbit
 Dermal
 LD 50
 20,800mg/kg

 Acute Toxicity Comments:
 A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable at the highest dose used in the test.

#### Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

#### Chlorhexidine acetate

Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe

11. TOXICOLOGI	CAL INFORMATION
Skin Sensitization - GPMT Guinea Pig Negative	
Hydrochloric Acid Skin Irritation Severe Eye Irritation Severe	
<b>Propylene glycol</b> Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild	
Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End	l Point, Target Organ)
<b>Chlorhexidine acetate</b> 13 Week(s) Rabbit Dermal 500 mg/kg/day LOAEL	Liver, Skin
Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species	s, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))
Chlorhexidine acetateEmbryo / Fetal DevelopmentRatOral31.25 mg/kg/dayEmbryo / Fetal DevelopmentRatOral62.5 mg/kg/day	LOEL Maternal toxicity NOEL No effects at maximum dose
Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)	
Chlorhexidine acetate Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity Mouse Lymphoma Negative In Vitro Cytogenetics Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells N In Vivo Micronucleus Rat Hepatocyte Negative	legative
Carcinogen Status: See below	
Hydrochloric Acid IARC: Group 3 (Not Classifiable)	
Diethanolamine IARC: Group 2B (Possibly Carcin	nogenic to Humans)
FD & C Blue No. 1 IARC: Group 3 (Not Classifiable)	I
Product Level Toxicity Data Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE), Oral	>5000 mg/kg
Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE), inhalation (dust/mist)	5 mg/l

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### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Environmental Overview:	Environmental properties of the formulation have not been investigated. In the environment, the active ingredient in this formulation is expected to bind tightly to soil and sediment, and persist. Harm to aquatic organisms is expected. Releases to the environment should be avoided.
Toxicity:	
Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method,	End Point, Duration, Result)
Chlorhexidine acetate	
Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout	) NA LC50 96 Hours 1.9 ppm
Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill Sunfish	) N/A LC50 96 Hours 0.6 ppm
Daphnia Magna (Water Flea) N/A	EC50 N/A 0.06 mg/L
Chlorhexidine acetate	
Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite Quail)	N/A LD50 N/A 2013 mg/kg
Persistence and Degradability:	No data available
Bio-accumulative Potential:	No data available
Mobility in Soil:	No data available

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste Treatment Methods:

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

As of January 1, 2015, materials offered for transport that are classified for transportation only as Marine Pollutants and which are packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 Liters or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 kilograms or less for solids are NOT subject to ICAO/IATA, IMDG, or ADR transport regulations provided the general packaging requirements of those regulations are met. Refer to ICAO/IATA A197, IMDG 2.10.2.7, ADR SP 375.

UN number:	UN 3082
UN proper shipping name:	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Chlorhexidine acetate)
Transport hazard class(es):	9
Packing group:	III
Environmental Hazard(s):	Marine Pollutant

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information. Transport according to the requirements of the appropriate regulatory body.

## DOT / ANTT: Not regulated for transportation

U.S. DOT Reportable Quantity (RQ), 49 CFR 172.101 Appendix A:

Diethanolamine	
CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances	100 lb
and their Reportable Quantities:	45.4 kg
Hydrochloric Acid	
CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances	5000 lb
and their Reportable Quantities:	2270 kg

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

#### **Canada - WHMIS: Classifications**

WHMIS hazard class:

Non-controlled

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

#### **Propylene glycol**

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting California Proposition 65	Not Listed Not Listed
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	200-338-0
Chlorhexidine acetate	
CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed
California Proposition 65	Not Listed
Australia (AICS):	Present
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	200-302-4
Diethanolamine	
CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	1.0 %
CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances	100 lb
and their Reportable Quantities:	45.4 kg
California Proposition 65	carcinogen initial date 6/22/12
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling	Schedule 5
for Drugs and Poisons:	Schedule 6
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	203-868-0

#### Hydrochloric Acid

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION		
CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	1.0 %	
CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances	5000 lb	
and their Reportable Quantities:	2270 kg	
CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous TPQs	500 lb	
CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs	5000 lb	
California Proposition 65	Not Listed	
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present	
Australia (AICS):	Present	
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling	Schedule 5	
for Drugs and Poisons:	Schedule 6	
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	231-595-7	
FD & C Blue No. 1		
CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting	Not Listed	
California Proposition 65	Not Listed	
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present	
Australia (AICS):	Present	
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	223-339-8	

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Text of R phrases and GHS Classification abbreviations mentioned in Section 3

Acute toxicity, oral-Cat.4; H302 - Harmful if swallowed Acute toxicity, inhalation-Cat.2; H330 - Fatal if inhaled Serious eye damage/eye irritation-Cat.2A; H319 - Causes serious eye irritation Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity-Cat.1; H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity-Cat.1; H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure-Cat.2; H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Skin corrosion/irritation-Cat.2; H315 - Causes skin irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation-Cat.1; H318 - Causes serious eye damage Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Respiratory tract irritation-Cat.3; H335 - May cause respiratory irritation Skin corrosion/irritation-Cat.1A; H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Acute toxicity, inhalation-Cat.3; H331 - Toxic if inhaled

T+ - Very toxic

- Xn Harmful
- Xi Irritant
- N Dangerous for the environment
- C Corrosive
- T Toxic

R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

R26 - Very toxic by inhalation.

R36 - Irritating to eyes.

R50 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

R23 - Toxic by inhalation.

R35 - Causes severe burns.

R38 - Irritating to skin.

R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R48/22 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.

Data Sources:	The data contained in this MSDS may have been gathered from confidential internal sources, raw material suppliers, or from the published literature.
Reasons for Revision:	Updated Section 1 - Identification of the Substance/Preparation and the Company/Undertaking. Updated Section 2 - Hazard Identification. Updated Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients. Updated Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures. Updated Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Updated Section 11 - Toxicology Information. Updated Section 12 - Ecological Information. Updated Section 14 - Transport Information. Updated Section 16 - Other Information.
Drenewed hus	Tovicelence and Hezerd Communication

 Prepared by:
 Toxicology and Hazard Communication

 Zoetis Global Risk Management
 Zoetis Global Risk Management

Zoetis Inc. believes that the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time.

#### End of Safety Data Sheet